Conducting Environmental Assessments with CDC's Foodborne Outbreak Reporting System

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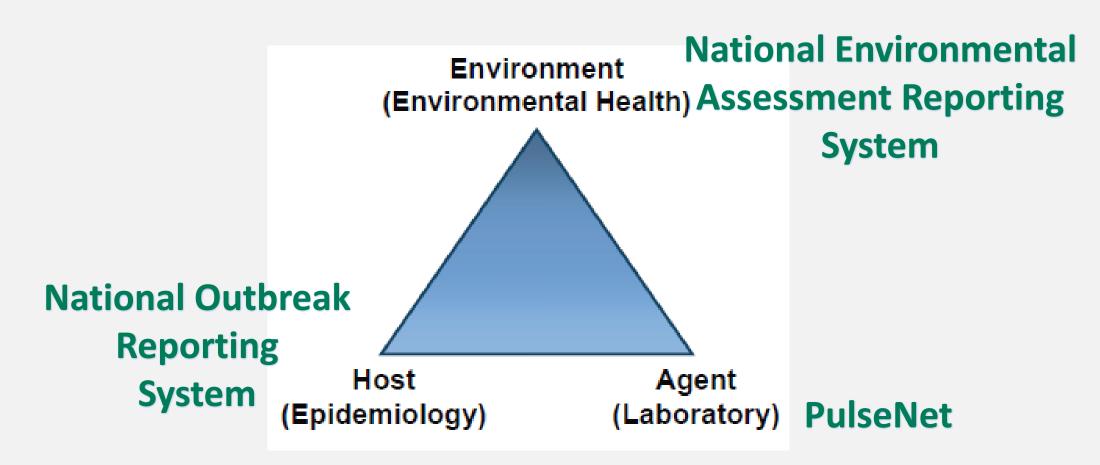
MCAFDO

Rogers, Arkansas

February 25, 2020

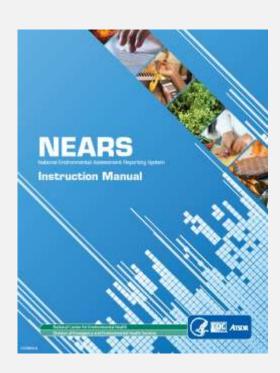


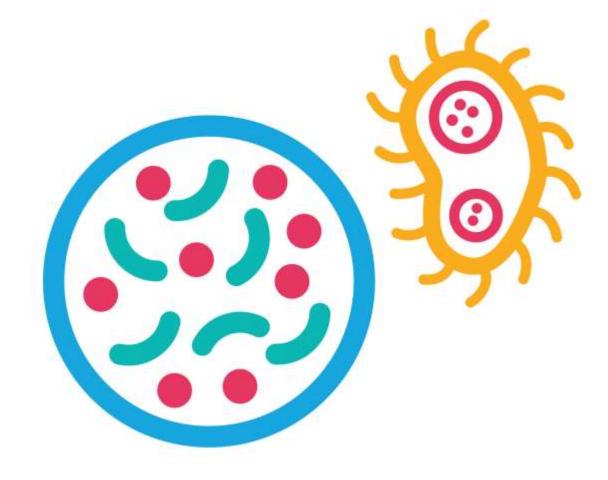
DEHSP supports environmental health programs in their food safety work



National Environmental Assessment Reporting System (NEARS)

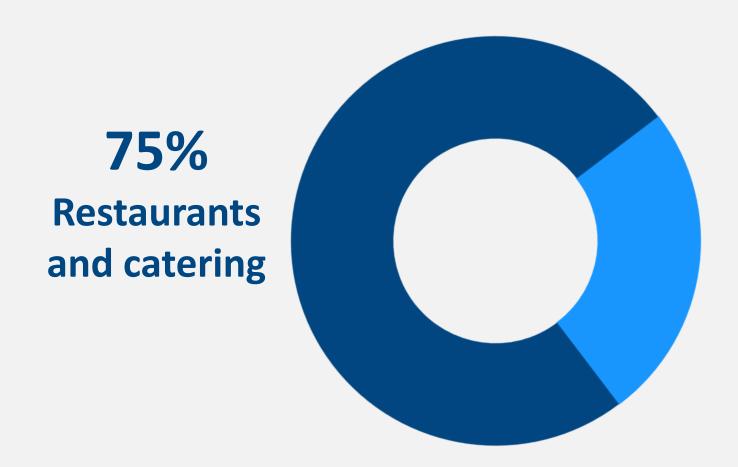
- Launched in 2014
- State and local programs report data to NEARS from their outbreak environmental assessments
 - Contributing factors
 - Outbreak establishment policies and practices
 - Investigation characteristics
- 45 jurisdictions registered to participate in NEARS



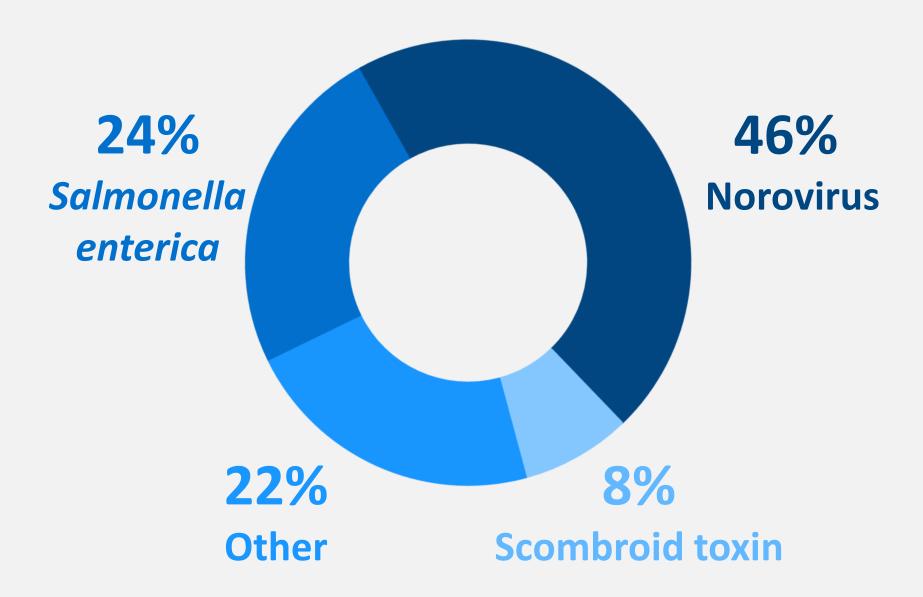


UNDERSTANDING OUTBREAK PATHOGENS AND CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

Restaurants- most common single-setting outbreak location



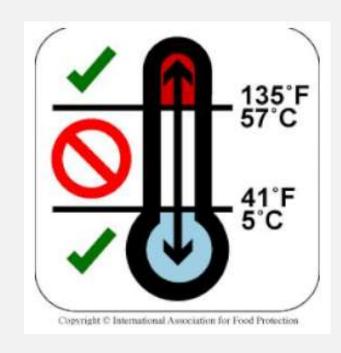
Norovirus- most common restaurant outbreak pathogen



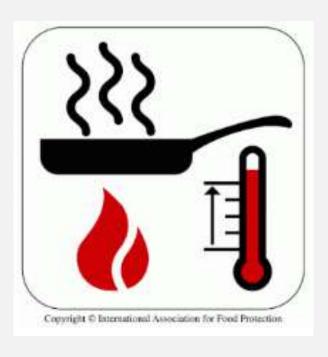
Contributing factors to outbreaks fall into 3 groups



Contamination

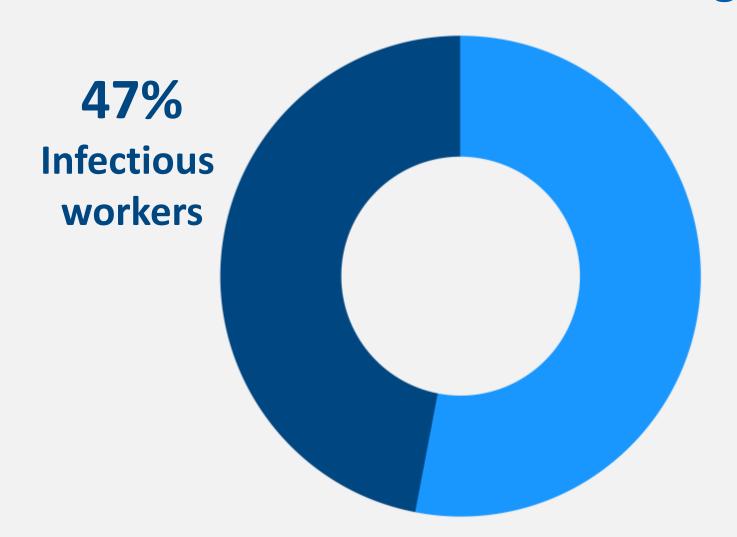


Proliferation

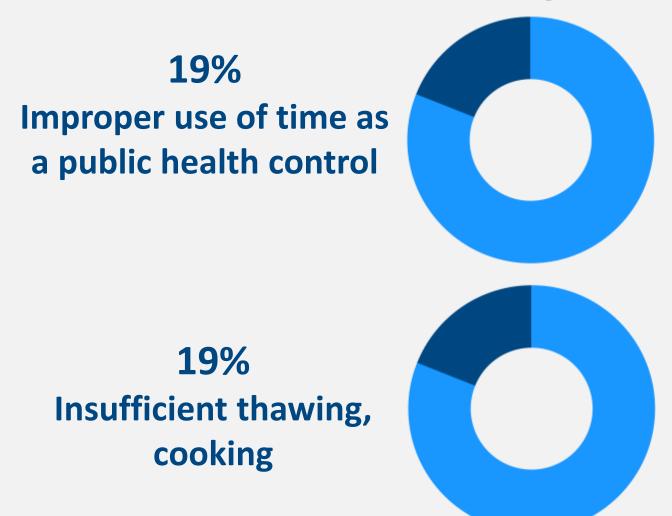


Survival

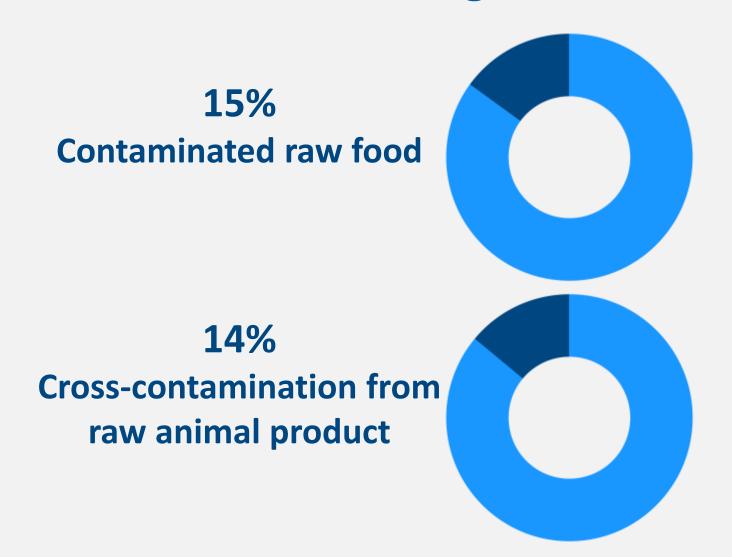
Contamination by infectious workers- most common restaurant outbreak contributing factors



Time and temperature control- common restaurant outbreak contributing factors



Contamination- common restaurant outbreak contributing factors



Outbreak contributing factor prevention





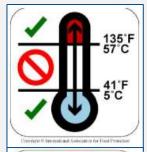




Infectious workers contaminating food and environment

- Prevent infectious workers from working
- Prevent bare hand contact with ready-to-eat food
- Practice good hand hygiene
- Clean and sanitize

Outbreak contributing factor prevention





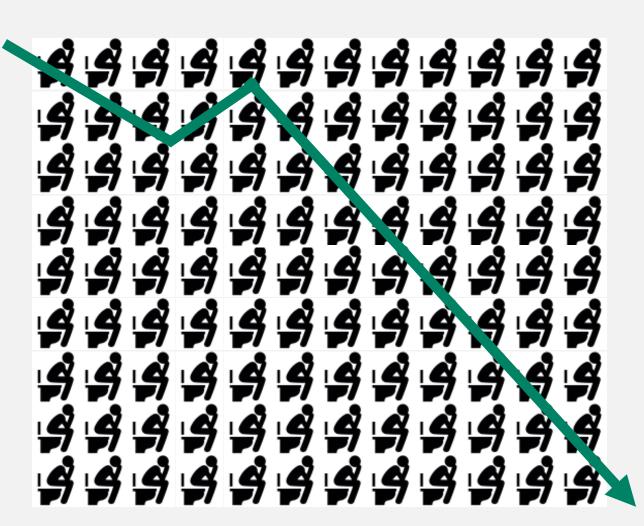


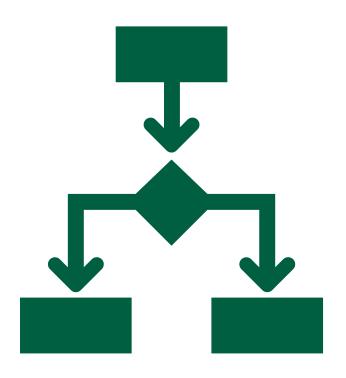
Practices that lead to pathogen contamination, survival, proliferation

- Control time and temperature
- Prevent cross-contamination with good food handling practices
- Prevent cross-contamination- good hand hygiene
- Prevent cross-contamination- cleaning and sanitizing

GOAL: Illness & Outbreak Prevention

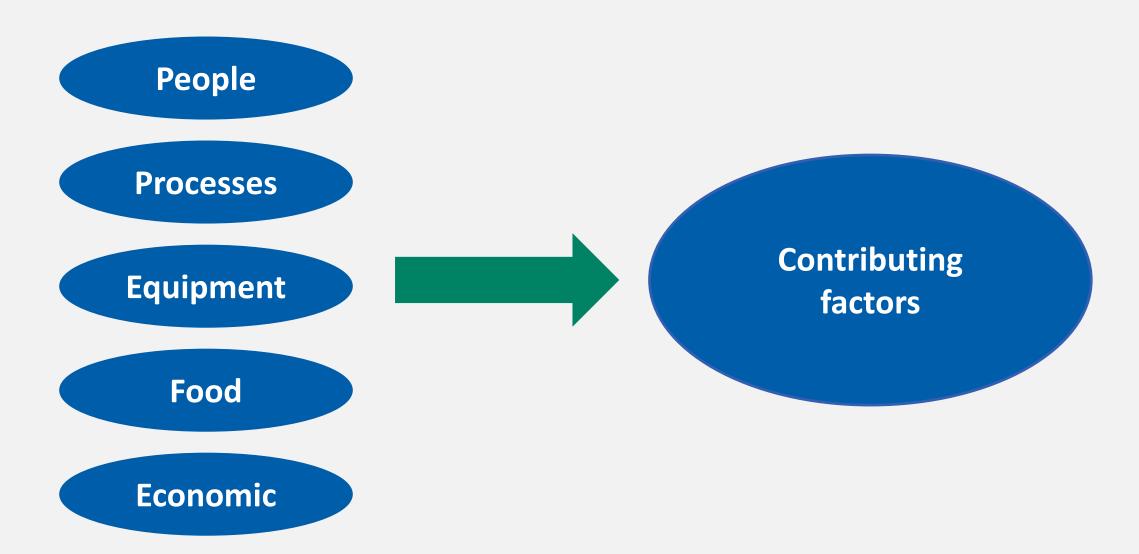






FOOD FOR THOUGHT: USING ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

Outbreak Environmental Antecedents



Antecedent example

Environmental Antecedent

Why?

Contributing Factor

How?

Cause of Outbreak

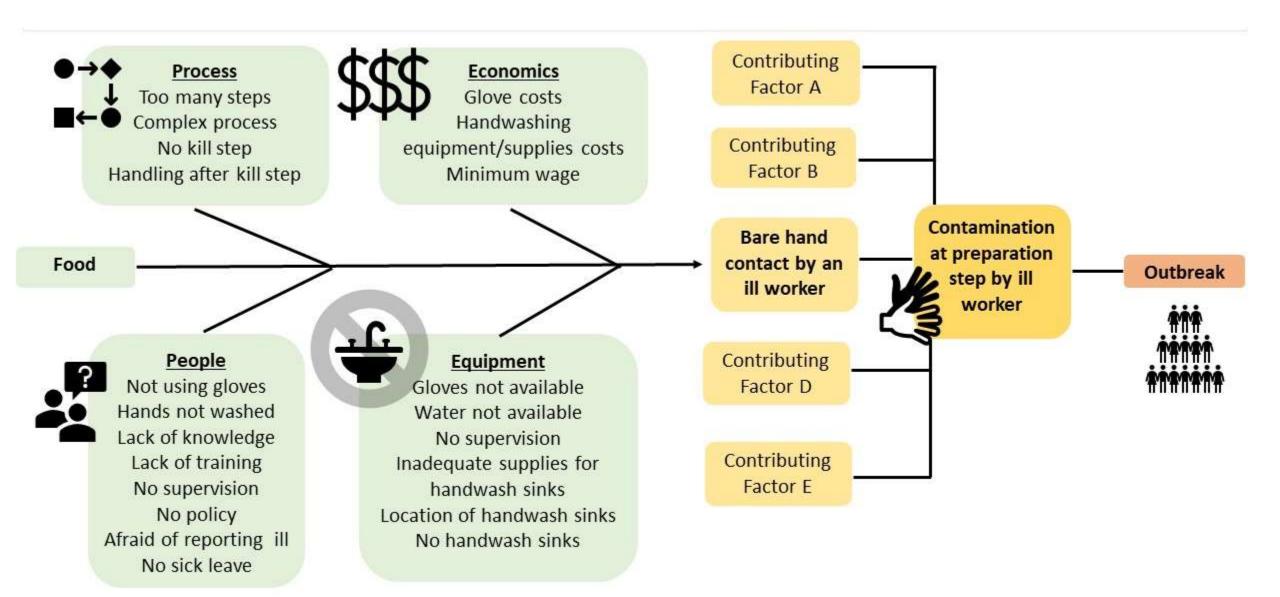
What happened?

Insufficient capacity of equipment

Reach-in cooler
overstocked
impeding airflow,
P5: Improper cold
hold due to
improper
procedure

Reach-in cooler storing implicated food holding at 57°F

Outbreak example



What can food officials do?



Employ critical thinking



Incorporate environmental assessment concepts into work

Focus on:



- 1) Preventing ill workers from working
- 2) Ensuring good hand hygiene
- 3) Controlling time and temperature



Report outbreaks into NEARS

Thank you

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For more information, contact NCEH 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)

TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov Follow us on Twitter @CDCEnvironment

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

